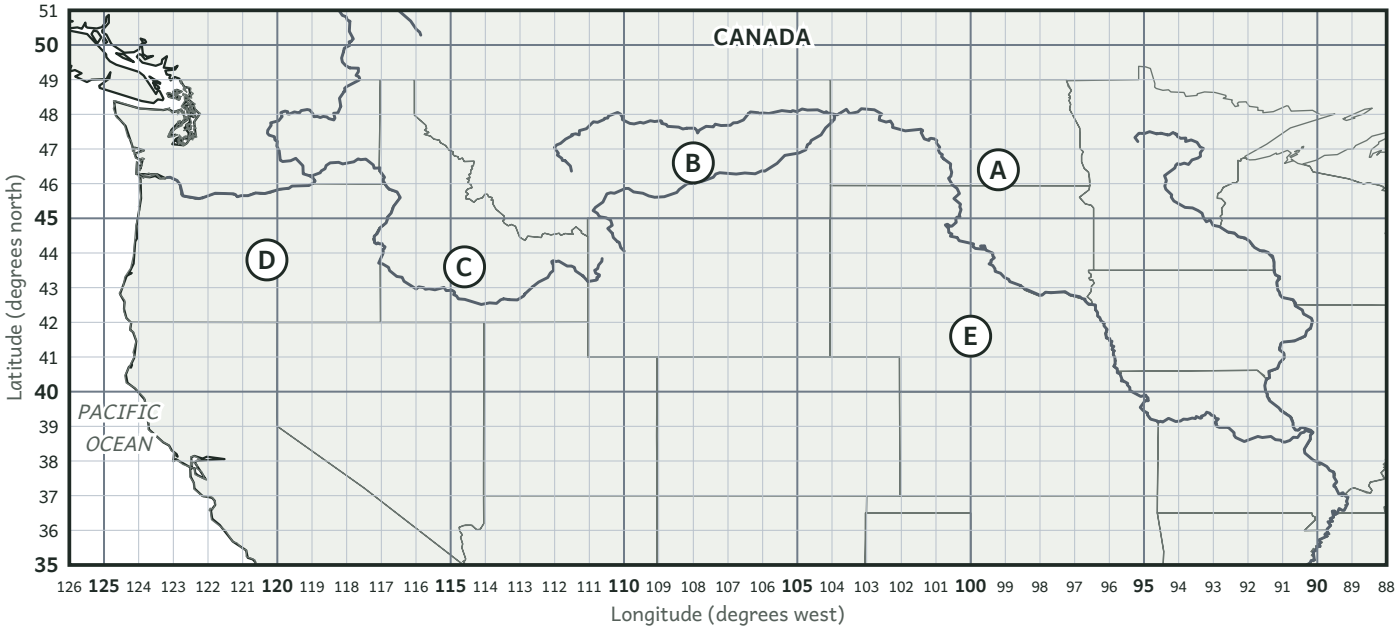
Latitude and longitude · History map

Follow Lewis and Clark West

Name _____

1. Each row is a real stop on the Lewis and Clark Expedition, in order. Find its latitude on the side of the map and its longitude along the bottom, draw a dot where they meet, and write the row number beside it. A number that ends in .5 sits halfway between two lines. **2.** Join the dots in order to see their route.



	Place	Reached	Lat.	Long.
1	Camp Dubois (they set off)	May 1804	39° N	90° W
2	St. Charles	May 1804	39° N	90.5° W
3	Council Bluff	Jul. 1804	41.5° N	96° W
4	Fort Mandan (winter camp)	Nov. 1804	47.5° N	101° W
5	Mouth of the Yellowstone	Apr. 1805	48° N	104° W
6	Great Falls of the Missouri	Jun. 1805	47.5° N	111° W
7	Three Forks	Jul. 1805	46° N	111.5° W

	Place	Reached	Lat.	Long.
8	Camp Fortunate	Aug. 1805	45° N	113° W
9	Lemhi Pass	Aug. 1805	45° N	113.5° W
10	Travelers' Rest	Sep. 1805	46.5° N	114° W
11	Lolo Pass	Sep. 1805	46.5° N	114.5° W
12	Canoe Camp	Sep. 1805	46.5° N	116.5° W
13	Celilo Falls	Oct. 1805	45.5° N	121° W
14	Fort Clatsop (winter camp)	Dec. 1805	46° N	124° W

3. Name the states. **A** _____ **B** _____ **C** _____ **D** _____ **E** _____

Word bank: Idaho · Montana · Nebraska · North Dakota · Oregon

4. From row 1 to row 7 your dots follow one long river. Which one? _____

Word bank: Columbia · Mississippi · Missouri

5. Which stop was the farthest north? _____

6. How many degrees of longitude did they travel from row 1 to row 14? _____

7. Between rows 8 and 12 there was no river to float on. What were they crossing? _____

Word bank: Appalachian Mountains · Great Plains · Rocky Mountains

Places and dates: National Park Service, Lewis and Clark National Historic Trail. Each site where it is marked today, rounded to the half degree.

Latitude and longitude · History map · Answer key

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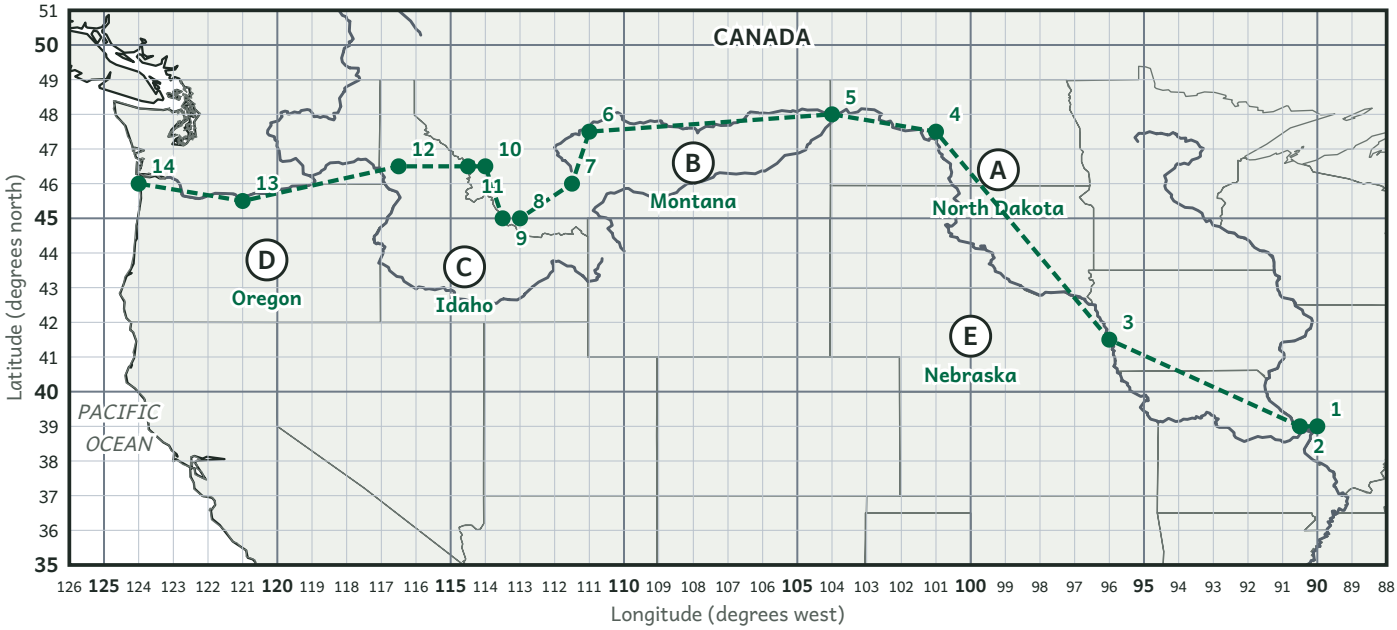

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3. Name the states. **A North Dakota** **B Montana** **C Idaho** **D Oregon** **E Nebraska**

Word bank: Idaho · Montana · Nebraska · North Dakota · Oregon

4. From row 1 to row 7 your dots follow one long river. Which one? **The Missouri River**

Word bank: Columbia · Mississippi · Missouri

5. Which stop was the farthest north? **Mouth of the Yellowstone**

6. How many degrees of longitude did they travel from row 1 to row 14? **34 degrees**

7. Between rows 8 and 12 there was no river to float on. What were they crossing? **The Rocky Mountains**

Word bank: Appalachian Mountains · Great Plains · Rocky Mountains

The Missouri River was the road west. Where it ran out, the party crossed the Rocky Mountains on foot and on horses bought from the Shoshone, over Lemhi Pass and Lolo Pass. At Canoe Camp they built canoes and floated down the Clearwater, Snake and Columbia rivers to the Pacific.

Places and dates: National Park Service, Lewis and Clark National Historic Trail. Each site where it is marked today, rounded to the half degree.