1095 – 1291

Put the Events in Order

Name _____ Date _____

These 7 events from the The Crusades timeline are out of order. Write a number from 1 to 7 in each box, from the earliest event (1) to the latest (7).

☐ **Fall of Acre**
Muslim forces capture Acre, the last major Crusader stronghold in the Holy Land, ending nearly two centuries of European military presence in the region.

☐ **Pope Urban II's Call**
At the Council of Clermont, Pope Urban II calls on European Christians to take up arms and reclaim Jerusalem from Muslim rule, promising spiritual rewards to those who join.

☐ **Third Crusade**
Europe's most powerful kings — including Richard I of England and Philip II of France — lead the Third Crusade; they retake coastal cities but cannot recapture Jerusalem.

☐ **Fourth Crusade Sacks Constantinople**
Rather than fighting Muslims, the Fourth Crusade attacks and sacks Constantinople — the largest Christian city in the world — driven partly by Venetian financial interests.

☐ **Crusaders Capture Jerusalem**
The First Crusade reaches Jerusalem after a three-year march; Crusaders storm the city and establish four small Crusader states in the Holy Land.

☐ **Saladin Retakes Jerusalem**
The Kurdish Muslim sultan Saladin defeats the Crusader army at the Battle of Hattin, then recaptures Jerusalem just 88 years after it was seized.

☐ **Fall of Edessa**
Muslim forces recapture Edessa, the northernmost Crusader state, sending shockwaves through Europe and triggering the failed Second Crusade.

1095 – 1291

Put the Events in Order: Answer Key

1095 — 1. Pope Urban II's Call

1099 — 2. Crusaders Capture Jerusalem

1144 — 3. Fall of Edessa

1187 — 4. Saladin Retakes Jerusalem

1190–92 — 5. Third Crusade

1202–04 — 6. Fourth Crusade Sacks Constantinople

1291 — 7. Fall of Acre